A New and Fascinating Story, by Julian Haw-

thorne, the celebrated author, will be published

complete in Sunday's DISPATCH. FORTY-FOURTH YEAR.

The Treacherous Redskins, Led by Chief Hump, Show Their Nature.

A VERY NARROW ESCAPE

On the Part of the Indian Commission From a Fearful Fate.

GEN, CROOK PROVES INDEED A HERO.

An Eventfu! Third Day Among the Savages-Old Chief Hump Leads a Band of Painted Hostiles Into the Camp Where Signatures to the New Treaty Were Being Solicited-How General Crook's Presence Prevented Assassinatio Whipple Among Those Whose Lives Were in Danger-The Hostiles Stripped Ready for the Fray-Determined Not to Sign the Trenty-Remisiscences of a Memorable Wedding Day.

The Indian Commission has met with a serious obstacle. The chiefs and braves with whom they are dealing are disposed to be very ugiy. Indeed, General Crook's courage alone prevented violence from a treacherous redsk in at the Cheyenne agency.

REPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. CHEYENNE AGENCY, WYO, T., July 26.—The Cheyenne Agency has had its visit from the Sioux Commissioners, and strange as it may appear, here, where they expected to have smooth sailing, proved to be the hotbed of Sitting Bull's hostilities. Chief Rump, of the Indian police, who had all along professed great friendship for the whites, and was so anxious to sign the treaty, exhibited the treachery of the Indian race by attempting to lead a They hostile crowd toward committing violence, which movement was only averted by the courage of Gen. Crook, Douglas Carlin and Bill Fielden, the latter two squaw men. At this same agency Bishop Whipple, of Minnesota, and his associates narrowly escaped

A Most Impressive Scene. It was on the third day after the arrival of the commission. The Indians, accompanied by squaws and papooses, swarmed by the hundreds around the Government buildings, and the noise of the tom-tom, chant of the sqaws, and pow-wow of the bucks could be heard all night long. The prairie was a city of tepees, and the Indians, decked out in paint and costumes, did not present the most peaceable appearance. Hump, old Sitting Bull's chief aid in the Custer masea cre, was absent, and Agent McChesney ordered a vigorous search, but it proved fruitless. The Commissioners had finished explaining the advantages of the bill, and presented the paper for signatures.

One of Them Willing to Sign. Not a red moved. After earnest solicita tion a young buck signified his intention to take the pen. Almost before he had dropped the words from his lips, Swift Goose jumped into the circle, and with one yell caused the Indians to leap in one mass, and almost before they could realize what had happened, Hump, with his painted hostiles, rushed in and asserted that he would kill the first man who dared to touch the paper.

Douglas Carlin and Bill Fielden stood alongside the commission. They at once, as did General Crook, saw the gravity of the situation, and appreciated that it was time to act. The look that came over General Crook's face proved that he realized

The Dangerous Situation

of his associates, as well as of himself. Quick as thought he raised a chair above his head, looked into the very eyes of Hump, and said: "You scoundrel, I'll brain you right here, if you make another move.

Carlin and Fielden, with revolvers drawn, stepped up alongside of the General, and at the muzzles of the revolvers the Indians were ordered to arrest the hostiles and throw them into the guard house. This being done, General Crook made a telling address, in which he denounced Hump and his followers so severely that the Indians were only too glad to retire for the night.

Douglas F. Carlin, one of the heroes in this affair, is a native of Illinois. Some years ago he came West to act in the capacity of Quartermaster's chief assistant, which position he held until appointed chief clerk of the Cheyenne Agency. While filling this important trust

He Pell in Love with the youngest daughter of Fred Duprez, an old Frenchman united to a squaw, and much to the surprise of his friends, he married the girl two years ago. The wedding was one of the most memorable ones ever celebrated in the West. It occurred at the house of Duprez, and was attended by the Mayor and Council of Pierre, and hundreds of citizens. Indians also came hundreds of miles. Douglas Carlin appeared, dressed in a broadcloth suit, patent leather shoes, white tie and silk hosiery, and the Indian maiden reclining on his arm. It was a peculiar love match, and created

Wonder as Well as Merriment. The knot was, however, tied, and the father-in-law, who is the cattle king of the reservation, presented his son-in-law with a branding iron and told him to brand 5,000 yearlings as his own. Notwithstanding Carlin's connection with the Indian race, he has always proved a valuable friend to the white settlers.

A dispatch from Standing Rock Agency says: The first council was held this afternoon. John Grass, Gaul, Running Antelope, Mad Bear and other prominent chiefs and a large number of Indians were present. After

Some Preliminary Remarks

gress, and was followed by Major Warner. CANNOT FIGHT FAIR. Both gentlemen made able speeches. The Indians listened with close attention, but gave no evidence of interest in the matters discussed. At the close of the council, however, it was announced that 15 beeves would be issued, and during the conversation which followed with reference to details, the Indians were thoroughly interested, and finally all the chiefs shook hands with evident good humor. The next council will be held on Monday.

From conversation with many person more or less acquainted with the Indians, it is believed that for some weeks they have

and it is said that they have bound ther selves not to accept the Government's prop osition. As at Cheyenne, the police force is practically unanimous in opposing it. Many of the employes are either mixed bloods or men who have been for years incorporated in the tribe. All these men, from the best information attainable, are believed to be

using their influence to the same effect. In spite of all the efforts of the agents for years past, the Indians are still, in all matters affecting their general interests, controlled by the wishes and advice of their chief, many of these are men of more than average ability, industrious and progressive, and have for years been successful farmers, and it is very difficult to account for their evident determination to oppose the bill.

The Commissioners are fully aware of the obstacles to be encountered, and have stripped for the fight.

LOVE AND MURDER.

The Bride Elopes With the Best Man and Returns to See Him and the Groom Shoot Each Other and to be

Shot Herself. CHICO, CAL., July 26 .- An elopemen which occurred here a few days ago, culminated in a tragedy this afternoon. wedding was to have taken place last Monday, between a young man named Raymond Bierce, son of a San Francisco journalist, and Miss Eva Adkins, a beautiful young lady 17 years of age. Bierce's most intimate friend was a handsome young man named Neil Hubbs, and he was to have acted as best man at the wedding ceremony. The day before the marriage was to occur, Miss Adkins left her home and went to a neighboring town with Hubbs, the couple were married, returned here the next day and this morning prepared to make a call upon the bride's mother, Mrs. Barney. Bierce heard of the intended visit, and went to Mrs. Barney's house before them. When Hubbs and his wife arrived he entered the Hubbs and his wife arrived he entered the parlor and fired at Hubbs with a revolver. Hubbs fell to the floor, but also drew a revolver and fired. Four shots apiece were fired, when Hubbs ran out of the room. Bierce then placed the revolver to Mrs. Hubbs' head and fired, inflicting a severe

hubbs' head and fired, inflicting a severe but not dangerous wound.

Hubbs re-entered the room and beat Bierce to the floor with his revolver. Bierce then dragged himself into an adjoining room, placed the pistol to his head and blew his brains out. He lived about an hour and half. a half. Bierce also received two bullets in the body, and Hubbs was shot through the abdomen, the ball penetrating the spleen. His recovery is doubtful.

MARY ANN DOUGHERTY A PAILURE. ren a Gove

ceeds to Get Drunk. PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, July 26 .- Unqle Jerry Rusk is weeping over the fact that his confi dence has been betraved. A week or two ago he opened his generous heart and appointed Mary Ann Dougherty, the woman whose pension bill, when vetoed by President Cleveland, became a leading issue of the Presidental campaign, to a place in th epartment of Arriculture, at a salary of \$1 50 per day. Prosperity was too much for Mary Ann, and she fell. One more count has been added to the indictment which Grover Cleveland filed with Congress, and her name is again on the police

Mary Ann was hauted up this morning charged with being drunk and disorderly. She begged the mercy of the court, as she was afraid, she said, of losing her official position. Judge Miller said he would give her another chance to go to work, but told her that if she continued to get drunk she would have to go to the workhouse. Her personal bonds were taken, and she returned to work at the Seed Department,

HE HAD NO SPEECH TO MAKE.

Needless Precantions Taken for the Prope

Hanging of a Murderer. RAYVILLE, LA., July 26.-Quite a crowd issembled around the jail here to-day, anxious to see the execution of Charles Sellers, who murdered Bunyan Adams, in Richland parish. At 2 o'clock the Sheriff requested the Richland Rifles to appear upon the scene to be in readiness in case of an emergency. The military formed in line just outside the jail yard. When every-thing was in readiness, the Deputy Sheriff, leading the condemned, ascended the stairway leading to the gallows. Adjusting the rope around the culprit's neck, the official asked him if he had anything to say. Sell-

'No, I have said all I have to say. The drop fell at 3:30, and in 15 minutes he was pronounced dead.

BRAKEMEN BANQUETED.

The Ottawa Brotherhood Entertains the

Delegates to the Convention. OTTAWA, July 26 .- The Brotherhood of Railway Brakemen, in session here, were banqueted this evening by the local brakemen. In the order are 316 lodges, making over 15,000 members. Although called the Brotherhood of Brakemen, any person in the railway business can join the society, if he has served one year as a brakeman.

There are more than 5,000 conductors in the society, the majority of whom joined while they were working as brakemen.

A \$1,000,000 ROLLING MILL A Company Incorporated That Will Fight a Recent Combination.

CHICAGO, July 26 .- The Chicago and Calumet Rolling Mill Company, with headquarters at Chicago, was incorporated today with a capital stock of \$1,000,000. The incorporators are Jean L. Pfau, J. Louis Pfau and George Campbell. It is understood that the company will erect a large rolling mill at Calumet, and make steel rails and fight the combination of the Joliet Steel and North Chicago Bolling Mill Com-

Murder Over a Land Disnute MARQUESE, TEX., July 26.-Elever miles from here to-day James Rucker shot and killed Sam Davis with a double-bar reled shotgun. Rucker escaped. The trou-ble grew out of a land settlement.

by Agent McLaughlin introducing the Commissioners, Governor Poster made the customary explanation of the act of Con-

FOR NATIONAL AID

Congress Will be Petitioned for Money for Johnstown

TO DREDGE AND WIDEN STREAMS.

A Large Sum of Money Found in Examining a Roll of Carpet.

A SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION EPIDEMIC

The most important item from Johnstown o-day is that Congress will be petitioned for an appropriation to make the town safe by dredging and widening the streams,

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] JOHNSTOWN, July 26 .- The question of pplying for national aid to widen and fredge the streams around Johnstown is being agitated. The citizens say that unless something is done to prevent the annual overflow that the town will never be built up again. This is undoubtedly true of the lowlying districts, and an earnest effort will be made to present the situation to Congress in such a light that an appropriation may be made for clearing up the rivers. The citizens say that it is impossible for the people to undertake this herculean task, and unless the national Government does something

for the stricken city it can never be rebuilt. The Finance Committee, it is understood, have taken some steps already in the matter, but just in what way it will be brought before Congress is not known.

Captain Hamilton to-day received a letter from Miss Bedson, Lowell, Mass., describing a lot of jewelry and valuables which were in her trunk that was lost from the day express. A vigorous search was made at the rooms where the valuables were kept, at the rooms where the valuables were kept, but none such had been recovered. The pay office was closed up shortly after 3 o'clock again to-day, and the clerks went to their stopping place at Cresson. The poor people who receive the money have learned not to expect the office open after 3 o'clock; consequently all business is about done for the day by the time the bank closes.

MONEY IN THE CARPET. MONEY IN THE CARPET.

Some days ago an honest resident of one of the adjoining townships purchased several rolls of carpet that had been in the flood. When unrolling it to-day he was surprised to find a number of packages of money, amounting in all to \$1,160. It is supposed that the money had been secreted in the carpet by someone who had picked it up shortly after the flood and afterward lost track of it. If no owner appears for the amount it will be turned over to the relief fund.

Eight hundred persons were to-day sup-

Eight hundred persons were to-day sup-plied from the commissary at the Pennsyl-vania Railroad station. The time for closvania Railroad station. The time for closing this, the only commissary now opened, has not yet been decided upon. There is a large stock of tea, coffee, sugar and flour on hand and the place will not be closed until these are distributed. No new supplies will, however, be purchased, and as the stock of different articles gives out, orders for them will be given upon the stores of the town.

The boys of Company K, of the Four-teenth Regiment, practice daily at target shooting, and some of them are becoming quite efficient marksmen Since Monday of this week nothing but provisions has been distributed at the com-missaries, but the stock of clothing on hand at the commissaries, that were discor has been given to any one who would carry it away. The cleaning up of the odds and ends in these commissaries showed a won-derful amount of clothing that was totally worthless. How some persons could ease their conscience by contributing worthless cast-off goods, that are not fit even for carpet rags, is a problem. Yet there are piles and piles of just such stuff that nobody will carry away, and it is being thrown on heaps and burned.

FATHER TEHANEY TO REBUILD. Rev. Father Tehaney, pastor of St. John's Catholic Church, effected a settlement with the insurance companies, receiving \$20,000 out of a total insurance of \$22,000. He will build a temporary wooden structure for his congregation to worship in at once, and expects to have the foundation completed this fall for a substantial brick church. Two available sites belong to the congregation, and it is not known which one the new building will be erected on. The Convent of the Sacred Heart, which was partially destroyed, and in which all the Sisters of Morey were saved while at prever will be Mercy were saved while at prayer, will be rebuilt, and a memorial tablet erected in re-

membrance of the great flood.

The Board or County Commissioners have unanimously decided to exonerate from county taxes all properties in the flooded district. This will reduce the revenues of the county taxes are largely and the revenues of the county taxes. the county very largely, and a loan will have to be effected to keep up current ex-penses. Fortunately the finances of the counpenses. Fortunately the finances of the country will be in good condition, the last of the indebtedness having been lifted last fall. It is supposed that the borough and school authorities will also exonerate from taxes property in the flooded parts of the town, but where the money to keep things going is to come from is a serious question.

The officials of the Improved Order of The officials of the Improved Order of Red Men, were here yesterday and paid out \$5,000 to their members who suffered in the flood.

Washington County Wells. PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, PA., July 26.-The drill at the Smith-McMillan has passed through the Gantz sand, in which horizon she is perfectly dry. She is now drilling in the 50-foot. The Clark, the next location to 50-foot. The Clark, the next location to the Smith-McMillan, is through the Gantz sand, and good for about 25 barrels per day. The Acheson-Andrews is two bits in the sand and shut down, waiting for a new cable. Agnew No. 1 is also in the sand, and should show up by to-morrow. The Denohoo has penetrated the sand nine feet, and is filled up 400 feet with oil. She is that down in order to put in a new stand. shut down in order to put in a new stem. Swart No. 2 and the W. C. Baldwin were in the sand six and four bits respectively this morning, and may show up any time. Swart No. 2, the Kerr-McConaughy, and

the sand to-morrow. Echoes of the Flood.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. PARKERSBURG, July 26 .- The body Tobe Bailey, one of the Tucker creek victims, was found to-day above Wells' lock. Contributions for the flood sufferers are being made all over the city. An appeal for general assistance will be made by the county authorities.

Parading in Grove City. SPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATOR ! GROVE CITY, July 26.—The regular camp duty was the order of the day, except battalion parade on the streets of Grove City, headed by the regiment band. The camp breaks to-morrow.

CLARION, July 26.—The Farmers' Com-pany well at Lucinda, on the Kribbs farm, has alled up 600 feet with oil, and is esti-mated a 15-barrel well.

PITTSBURG, SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1889---TWELVE PAGES. MONEY IN WATER.

Company Worth, \$500,000 That Owns \$12,000,000 Worth of Water Works -It Wants to Keep Its Capi-

tal la America. PAPERIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH McKeesport, July 26 .- The American Water Works and Guarantee Company, of Pittsburg, to-day purchased the immense water works plant located at Little Rock, Ark., through its general manager, Will S. Kuhn, of Pittsburg, who is at Little Rock. The plant was operated and owned by a local company, and cost the purchasers \$500,000. The company also purchased this week the plant at Jamestown, N. Y., for \$400,000, and now owns and operates \$12,000,000 worth of water works plants in the United States, which goes to show that the firm is one of the strongest water plant companies in the world. It is young but strong and has a capital of \$5,000,000 paid up. Its stockholders are Pittsburg, New York, Chicago and Mc-Keesport capitalists, among which is John H. Flagler. General Manager Kuhn will at once have the Little Rock plant made a filtering plant at a cost of \$50,000 or more in order to give clear water at all times, and will make like changes in the Jamestown plant. The purchases involve a large amount of money, but the company has the money to invest, and buys none but plants that will bear the most rigid test and will prove a good investment, as it did in the Chattanooga works, which is the largest in the county, and was purchased by the American Water Works and Guarantee Company a few moaths since. General Ark., through its general manager, Will S. Company a few months since. General Manager Kuhn says that the company could secure contracts for building a number of works in foreign countries, but refuses all, as it prefers placing its capital in the United States. The company will build several extensive plants this season and is arranging for this at present for this at present.
Snyder & Wilson, who built the model

Snyder & Wilson, who built the model \$25,000 pumping engines located at the Mc-Keesport water works, to-day gave notice to the water company of that place that they would supply the engines in the next three months with a costly cylinder casting, weighing 13¼ tons, for the one which cracked through immediately after the pumps were put up.

cracked through immediately after the pumps were put up.

Frank Lynch, a constable appointed by the Elizabeth Borough Council to see that ordinances are enforced, came to McKeesport with warrants charging two women and a man on Fourth avenue with selling liquor without license or conducting speakeasies. He arrested the man and women and placed them in the lockup, after which he was informed that not being a constable with papers he had no right to make arrests. He saw the force of the argument, and soon released the persons arrested and was soon gone.

The miners employed in Risher's, Lysle's, Stone's and Aliquippa coal pits, Second pool, are preparing to resume operations in full on Monday at 2½ cents, the reduction

FIRE FROM MOULDY HAY.

From a Peculiar Cause.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) GREENSBURG, July 26,-A new danger hreatens the farmers in this section and there is a great deal of alarm felt in many localities throughout the county. The damp, mouldy hay, which it was imposdamp, mouldy hay, which it was impossible to cure because of the frequent rains of the past month, has been stored in the barns, and investigation proves that it now emits a fearful heat, threatening spontaneous combustion. The burning of the large barn of Simon Fisher, near Mt. Pleasant, last night, by which the entire crop was destroyed, and for which no cause can be assigned, has strongthened the belief of many that conflagrations without number will onthat conflagrations without number will oc-cur. Some of the farmers, it is said, will remove the damp crops from their barns.

PEW OPERATORS WILL CONFER.

And the Strike at the Coke Works Deger ates Into a Fizzle.

SCOTTDALE, July 26 .- The strike at the Valley Works of the H. C. Frick Coke Company for the reinstatement of the discharged coke drawers is virtually at an end. None of the men were reinstated, and at the office of the company here a full run at the works was reported. It was decided by the men to take no further action until after the meeting here to-morrow. From what can be learned this evening there will be few, if any, operators at the conference to-morrow

Killed by Falling From a Train SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. CHARLESTON, W. VA., July 26 .- James Reil fell from a Chesapeake and Ohio train this evening and was instantly killed.

LAW THAT HITS HARD.

An English Firm Can't Send a Bookkeep

to Its American Branch. WASHINGTON, July 26 .- The Secretary of the Treasury to-day decided an interest ing question arising under the alieu contract labor law. It seems that Irvin and Sellers merchants, of England, who have a branch house in New York City, recently discharged a bookkeeper in their New York house, an American, named James T. Watson, and sent over a bookkeeper in the home office named Edward F. Hennessey, to take his place. Watson complained to the Collector at New York and the result was that when Hennessey arrived at the port the Collector refused to allow him to land, on the ground that it would be a violation of the contra

An appeal was made to the Secretary of An appeal was made to the Secretary of the Treasury and he instructed the Collec-tor to allow Hennessey to land on giving bond in the sum of \$500 for his return in case it was decided that he came within the prohibitory class. The question was re-ferred to the Solicitor of the Treasury and that official gave an opinion that as Hen-nessey had clearly come to this country under a contract of labor, his landing would be a palpable violation of law. The Secretary coincided in this opinion and instructed th Collector at New York to compel Hennesse to return to England.

HE GOT OFF EASILY.

With the Funds and Isn't Punishe WASHINGTON, July 26 .- The find the court martial in the case of Passe sistant Paymaster Henry R. Smith. f the navy, and the action of Secretary Tracy thereon were made public to-day. Smith was pay officer on board the Easex in New York harbor. On the 25th of April he drew York harbor. On the 25th of April he drew \$1,200 of the pay funds, and was missing until the 3d of May. He was charged with being absent from his station and daty without leave, and pleaded guilty. The court sentenced him to be suspended from rank and duty for six months on furlough pay, with a recommendation that the sentence be remitted on their belief that he was mentally irresponsible for his actions. Secretary Tracy approved the finding of the court and adopted its recommendation, remitting the sentence.

The Patient Die GOSCHEN, IND., July 26.—A number of children played doctor here yesterday and administered a dose of strong medicine to Mamie, the 2-year-old daughter of William Popem, from the effects of which she died to-day.

THE DEMON OF FIRE a fascinating

THE ROYAL GRANTS

Score a Victory Over the Oratory and the Logic of Bradlaugh.

SMITH'S SECRECY ABOUT SAVINGS. A Weak Spot in the Tory Argument That

HARTINGTON AND CHURCHILL GIVE AID

on Soundness.

Leaders Don't Explain.

The Tory' Government scored its victory resterday on the royal grants in spite of Bradlaugh's pointed speech and Labouchere's quick wit that found the weak spot in Mr. Smith's oratorical armor.

LONDON, July 26 .- When the debate on the royal grants was resumed in the House of Commons to-day Mr. Bradlaugh said he found difficulty in discussing the question calmly when Mr. Balfour outside of the House denounced the objections as disgusting and sordid. The opponents of the grants meant nothing personally discourt eous to the members of the royal family, but were simply acting within their rights when they met the demands of the Crown on a question of finance with a direct negative. Much of the argument in favor of the grants was based on the erroneous idea that the Crown, under the civil list acts from George I. onward, surrendered its private property in exchange for a civil list. Neither George I. nor his successors, Mr. Bradlaugh declared, surrendered anything. The present royal family never surrendered anything of a farthing value to the country. The committee of inquiry had elicited the fact that during the present reign the savings upon certain classes under the civil list act, instead of being applied to defray the charges of other classes, had been handed to the Queen without the authority of Parliament and in breach of the statute. [Cries of "Hear!" "Hear!"]

INFERRED FROM DENIED INFORMATION. The Rt. Hon. W. H. Smith, the Government leader, denied that the alleged savings of the Queen were over £3,000,000, but he de-clined to show how much money had either been saved by the Queen or drawn by the other members of the Royal family from all

Mr. Labouchere said there ought to be nothing to coneeal. The fact of the concealing led to exaggerated ideas. The refusal of the Government to disclose the wealth amassed by royalties justified the aversion of the country to royal grants. [Cheere 1]

Lord Randolph Churchill argued that the coriginal demands of the Government were just, besides being in conformity with precedent. It burdens were thrown upon the Crown not intended under the civil list, it would impair the credit of the nation and of Parliament.

Mr. Bradlaugh had questioned the title of the Crown to its estates, but successive Governments had recognized, and none of the greatest lawyers had ever yet challenged the Crown's title. He reminded the House that Sir Henry F. Pensonby, Her Majesty's private secretary, a few years ago denied reports that the Queen was making immense investments in ground rents, and stated that she had not £1,000,000 to invest in anything. original demands of the Government were

THE THRONE SOLID WITH THE MASSES. Lord Randolph said the Liberals' over-estimate of the Queen's wealth was designed to excite popular feeling against royalty. He objected to the adoption of methods the purpose of which was to foment a clamor against the throne which, in spite of them, would remain steadfast in the affections of

the people. [Cheers.]
During the debate Lord Hartington complained of Mr. Bradlaugh's pedagogic and comminatory air. He said that if it was true that the law was contravened in allowing civil list surpluses to accrue to the Crown it was almost a case for impeaching the present and former Ministries. It was im-possible, he contended, to lay down a hard and fast rule. He thought that the Queen's waiving the claims of the younger children met the present case, and that the future might be left to a future Parliament. In any case the Queen's message was worthy of respectful attention.

WINDING UP WITH PLEASANTRIES. Sir Wilfred Lawson twitted the Conserva-

Sir Wilfred Lawson twitted the Conservatives for refusing a grant to the Prince Consort, and evoked laughter by recalling certain uncomplimentary references made by
Mr. Chamberlain to royalty.

Mr. Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer, after refuting in detail the contentions of Messrs. Labouchere and Bradlaugh,
contrasted Mr. Gladstone's dignified utterances with those heard to enight, and said
that there was little need to fear the result that there was little need to fear the result

Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Morley, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, Mr. Parnell, Mr. O'Brien and the bulk of the Liberals and Parnell-ites voted with the majority. The Radical minority included Sir G. O. Trevylan, Richard Chamberlain and T. P. O'Connor. Mr. Labouchere's motion to adopt his substitute for the report of the Royal Grants Commission was rejected by a vot of 299 to 116.

Mr. Morley will on Monday move an amendment declaring that the House is unwilling to increase the burdens of the people without assurance that no further grants

A GREAT AND GRAND OLD MAN.

The National Liberal Club Moves Him by th Honor It Does Him. LONDON, July 26.-The National Liberal Club was lavishly decorated this evening in

honor of Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone, who yesterday celebrated their golden wedding. There were over 1,000 persons present, including a large number of peers and members of the House of Commons and many ladies. Viscount Oxenbridge presented Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone an album, the work of the leading artists, commemorative of the Mr. Gladstone, in accepting the gift

made an eloquent and pathetic speed which was free from political reference He said he felt as if drowned in an ocean kindness, and he reciprocated their good will. He deemed it a noble calling to serve people as kind as they, and hoped they would all partake of the full blessings be-longing to them as Britons and Christians, Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone took their de-parture from the hall amid a scene of the

PRESENTS FOR THE PRINCESS.

The Earl of Fife's Bride Receives Cost Gifts-Turqueises From Mrs. Mackay. LONDON, July 26.—The wedding present received by Princess Louise of Wales were displayed at Marlborough House to-day. The total value is £150,000. The jewels alone are valued at £120,000. Mrs. Mackay sent a pair of turquoise and diamond pendant

LONDON, July 26.—Two-thirds of the total number of cotton spinners have agreed to limit their production to one-half the usual amount for one month.

NOT TO BE FOUND.

Inother of the Suspects in the Removal of Dr. Crouls is Located but at Once Disappears-Of Late He Played an Engagement ne Bartender.

TORONTO, ONT., July 26 .- William Dwyer, the street our driver, whom recent dispatches from Chicago have mentioned in connection with the "removal" of Dr. Cronin, has been located at Kelly's Fiotel, West Toronto Junction, where he is filling an engagement as bartender, a position he has occupied ever since he left Chicago. Kelly is proprietor of the hotel and is married to a sister of "Billy," that being the name by which Dwyer is the most familiar to the frequenters of the house. Growing demands of Kelly's trade in that thriving western suburb convinced him some time ago that he needed assistance, and he wrote several times to Billy, requesting him to leave Chicago and accept the situation of bar tender. His last letter was in the nature of a demand, for in it he told him that if he did not come on by Saturday of that week his posi-

come on by Saturday of that week his posi-tion would be given to some one else. Billy came on, and ever since has been dispensing summer beverages to the thirsty Junction-ites. But to-day he was absent from his accustomed place behind the bar. A reporter went out to see Mr. Dwyer, but Billy was absent. His brother-in-law, Kelly, was in, however. Kelly was angry. He said Billy was in the city, and he did not know when he would be back. But if Billy had been there, Mr. Kelly added, he would not have said anything to a reporter, nor to anyone also for that matter. He nor to anyone else for that matter. He would do all his talking through a lawyer. and his business in the city was to consult a prominent firm of lawyers, with a view to bringing libel suits against the News, the Telegram and the Mail, all Toronto news-

This was all the information as to Dwyer' whereabouts and probable course of action Landlord Kelly would vouchsafe. He tried Landord Aeily would vouchsate. He tried to find language strong enough to convey his contempt for the journal which had published what he characterized as "a pack of lies" about Dwyer. When the writer withdrew he was still declaiming eloquently to a small knot of his patrons about the iniquity of calling "an innocent b'ye a murdager."

WALKING UPON WATER.

The Feat Which Professor Oldrieve is to Perform To-Day. ISPECIAL THLEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 Boston, July 26 .- A novel wager was nade at Young's Hotel to-day between John Donnelly and a well-known politician who is recognized as Hon. M. M. Cunniff's right bower in the present Democratic city rum-pus. Mr. Donnelly is the backer of Prof. C. W. Oldrieve, the water pedestrian, whose triumphs on the water astonished New Yorkers last year. The politician was in-clined to the belief that Oldrieve's performance was confined to the smooth water of s pond or quiet stream, and offered to bet \$250 that he could not walk on the ocean. Mr.

Donnelly at once covered the money, agreed to forfeit it if Prof. Oldrieve did not agreed to forfest it if Prof. Oldrieve did not walk from any point in Massachusetts Bay, 20 miles from Boston, to the main land. The novel tramp will be made to-morrow, Olrieve will not, according to the terms of the wager be obliged to walk 20 miles, for the stipulation was that his start-ing point should be 20 miles from the city of Boston, but he will be obliged to walk follow Boston, but he will be obliged to walk fully a dozen miles before reaching the main land.

TO TEST THE YORKTOWN.

She is Ready for Her Trial Trip-War and WASHINGTON, July 26 .- This morning ecretary Tracey was advised by Commodore Ramsay, of the Brooklyn Navy Yard. that the Yorktown was ready to start upon her four days' trial cruise. This trial cruise was provided for in the contract and was to e made within four months of the date of her provisional acceptance, which time exher provisional acceptance, which time ex-pires on the 4th of August. After this trial the Yorktown will go to Newport for her turning trial by Commodore Walker's board. There yet remains about \$27,000 due

The Secretary of War has authorized an expenditure of \$17,000 to complete the water supply of Fort D. A. Russell.

Secretary Windom to-day received a let-ter from Mr. C. W. Arnold declining, for private reasons, the office of Collector of In-ternal Revenue for the district of Georgia, to which he was appointed a few days ago. The Secretary to-day appointed Solon L. Norton, of Buffalo, to be a Special Inspector of Customs for duty at Cleveland.

HAD TO BUY HIM OFF.

Editor West Gets Cash Enough to Leave Town Nicely With.

PETECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. CHICAGO, July 26.-John J. West, late editor of the Chicago Times, has, it is said, left the city. His personal property at his residence, in Kenwood, is in the hands of an officer to satisfy an execution of the Comnercial National Bank.

He did not surrender his hold upon the

newspaper till after a protracted and earnest struggle, nor until after, it is said, he had een given the sum of \$23,000.

\$5,000,000 DISPOSED OF.

THE Will of George W. Morton, of Louis ville, Leaves Nearly All to His Family. LOUISVILLE, KY., July 26 .- The will of George W. Morton, the millionaire banker, ately deceased, was admitted to probate today. It disposes of property valued at \$5,000,000. This is mostly real estate, located in Kentucky, Texas and Minnesota. After making charitable bequests, including \$5,000 to the Baptist Theological Seminary, he divides the estate among seven heirs—his wife and their six children. His residence and home property he gives to his wife.

HAVING A GLORIOUS TIME.

Two Placky Pennsylvania Girls Campin Out in a Majne Wilderness.

PHILLIPS, ME., July 26 .- Misses Laur smith and Gertrude Hutchins, two bright and plucky young ladies whose homes are in Pennsylvania, have rented a little old log cabin on the shores of one of the Ran-geleys and they are living alone in that wilerness, far from any other human beings. They do their own fishing and gunning, and are having a glorious time. They pro ose to stay two months.

No Yellow Fever at Tampico WASHINGTON, July 26 .- Dr. Comb, of Brownsville, Tex., who was lately dispatched by the Marine Hospital bureau to the northeast coast of Mexico, reports from Tampico that the United States Consul says that there is no yellow fever at that place,

1,000,000 Quarts of Berries Must Rot BALTIMORE, July 26 .- Owing to the effects of the storms and the low prices re-ceived nearly 1,000,000 quarts of cultivated blackberries will be left to rot on the vines at Laurel, Md., and in portions of Delaware bordering on the Maryland line.

AN INDIAN PARADISE serib ed in to-merrous's DIRPATCH by Red Bird, who also tells how the Fourth of July was celebrated at an Indian agency.

FORTUNES WIPED OUT

THREE CENTS

The Richman sper Company Fails for \$800,000.

AN UNFORTING INVESTMENT

For Several Property Rhode Island

THE MILLS ARE AT ONCE CLOSED DOWN.

Disastrous Flood Causes the Company's First

The Richmond Paper Company of Providence is unable to meet its liabilities, amounting to \$800,000. Like the firm of Lewis Bros. & Co., it traces its misfortunes back to a disastrous flood. The mills have been closed, and the firm is expected to make an assignment.

IMPECIAL TRANSPARE TO THE DISPARCE ! PROVIDENCE, July 26.—A big failure, which takes good-sized fortunes out of the pockets of several millionaires, is the sensation of the day in this city. The Richmond

Paper Company has closed its \$1,000,000 plant at East Providence and announces its inability to meet liabilities aggregating fully \$800 000.

The mills have not been making money for some time, and the millionaires who were trying to float the company gave it up as a bad job. That brought matters to a crisis and the mills were closed. The creditors have had a somewhat auxious day of it, and the majority seem to favor an assignment. There are many creditors and they are mostly large ones. The greatest indebtedness is for pulp wood, brimstone and fuel. The new creditors are an entirely new class of men from the original ones who

engaged in the enterprise. SOME OF THE LOSERS. Among the men who have lost small for-tunes, bordering on \$100,000 each, are ex-United States Senator Anthony, Colonel George W. Danielson, editor of the Journal; Erank Richmond Harvey, well known lumber merchant, and Postmaster Henry W. Gardner, who lost about \$200,000. All that each of these men put into the concern has gone and They never realized one cent from their investment.

A note went to protest the day before yes-A note went to protest the day before yesterday, and a meeting of creditors was immediately called. Just how far the stockholders are liable is unknown. At the time of the former failure the capital was \$200,000 and there was a mortgage for \$400,000. Eleven capitalists then put in another third of a million and took a blank mortgage for the amount of \$247,000. The liabilities in January last were given as \$668,000, and assets, as taxed, \$834,900. In June last the blanket mortgage was put on record, but was dated back gage was put on record, but was dated back to January. This impaired the company's credit, and the commercial agencies in July gave the company no rating. The stock-holders are all wealthy men.

WHEN THE TROUBLE BEGAN.

Two years ago the company became embarrassed. The liabilities were then a round million of dollars. A settlement was had at 33 cents on the dollar, and Henry Gardner and F. Richmond, the well-known paper merchants here, made a settlement with the concern on notes indersed. The amount of pa-per indersed by these two men amounted to \$660,000. They settled for \$75,000 each and this money was paid to the creditors.

Then the property was mortgaged to secure the creditors for furto secure the creditors for fur-ther indebtedness. The management changed after this, and for awhile things ran along smoothly. It is found to-day that the concern is quite as badly involved as at the time of the first trouble, and that there is no way to tide over the embarrassment. Just how much the present failure is for is unknown at present, but it is about \$800,000 on a

good calculation by those who are presumed to know something of the concern's affairs. to know something of the concern's amairs.

The mills in East Providence are well situated on the Seekonk river, which is navigable by sailing vessels and is used by the company for pulp wood shipments. The most modern foreign machinery was introduced at a great cost and put in, and the works are complete in every respect. The first misfortune to overtake the company was the great flood, which washed out a dam that cost about \$40,000. This had to be rebuilt.

TWO AGED PILGRIMS.

They Walk All the Way From Pittsburg to

Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, July 26. - An oddlooking old couple walked into police headquarters this morning and asked for the Society Almendinger. Their appearance indicated that they were wayfarers, and it was instantly known it was not the society they were in search of, but the detective by that name. Detective Almendinger soon after appeared and to him they told a piti-

ful tale. They said they were Herman and Christine Peterson, aged respectively 68 and 67 years, and that they had walked from Pitts-burg to this city. They left Pittsburg three weeks ago to-day. While on the road they made their own beds out of clothing they made their own beds out of clothing they carried in two large bags, and their food they begged from farm houses. They had been in this country two and a half years, and were induced to come here by an emigration society. When they landed in this country they were shipped to Nebraska, but couldn't get along there. What little money they had left was used to pay their fare to Pittsburg. Their destination, they claimed, was Hamburg, Germany. After hearing their story the detective gave them in charge of the Society for Organizing Charity. Charity.

AFTER \$22,500,000.

Companies Organized to Recinim From the River Land Worth That. KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 26 .- Two com-

canies have been formed, one in Kansas City, Mo., and the other in Kansas City, Kan., for the purpose of reclaiming 600 acres of land in the Missouri river opposite the two cities. All of the present holders of titles to the lands are members of one or the other of the companies, and as the consent of the Government has been secured, the scheme seems practicable. The value of the lands when reclaimed is estimated at \$22,-

LEBANON, IND., July 26 .- A terrific rain and hail storm passed over this place this afternoon, doing a vast amount of damage. Trees were blown down, crops badly besten down and two business houses in the city unroofed. Fortunately no one was

A Liberal's Donation to Irish Tenants LONDON, July 26 .- Mr. Charles Ernest schwann (Liberal), member of Parliament for the North division of Manchester, has donated £500, through Mr. William O'Brien, to the fund for the relief of evicted tenants in Ireland.